

Annuals & Perennials

Annuals are plants that flower or produce tender foliage for one season and Perennials are plants that live for more than two years. Annual and perennial plants are a wonderful way to infuse color into your landscape. They both provide showy blooms and foliage, and their different blooming seasons provide variety in your garden. Annuals and perennials are typically used as an accent to planting areas.

Common Name	Latin Name
Lily of the Nile	Agapanthus africanus
Peruvian Lily	Alstromeria
Sea Thrift	Armeria meritima
Wax Begonia	Begonia semperflorens
Winter blooming bergenia	Bergenia crassifolia
Mango Punch	Coreopsis
Blanket Flower	Gaillardia 'Fanfare'
Coral bells	Heuchera 'Crimson Curls'
Sea Lavender	Limonium perezii

Shrubs

A shrub is a woody plant which is smaller than a tree and has several main stems arising at or near the ground. A properly planted and maintained shrub will grow faster and live longer than one that is incorrectly planted. Late summer or early fall is the optimum time to plant shrubs in many areas. This gives the shrub a chance to establish new roots before winter arrives. When spring arrives, the shrub is ready to grow. Shrubs are typically used as an accent in planting areas.

Common Name	Latin Name
Mexican Abelia	Abelia floribunda
Glossy Abelia	Abelia X grandiflora
Prostrate Acacia	Acacia redolens
Pineapple Guava	Acca sellowiana (Feijoa sellowiana)
Red Centered Hibiscus	Alygoyne hakeifolia



Shrubs (continued)

Kangaroo Paw	Anigozanthos flavidus
Yellow Kangaroo Paw	Anigozanthus x. 'Harmony'
Strawberry Tree	Arbutus unedo
Manzanita	Archtostaphylos edmundsii
Foxtail Fern	Asparagus d. 'Myers'
Japanese Aucuba	Aucuba japonica
Dwarf Coyote Brush	Baccharis pilularis cvs.
Coyote Brush	Baccharia 'Starn'
Bougainvillea	Bougainvillea spp.
Butterfly Bush	Buddleja davidii
Japanese Boxwood	Buxus microphylla japonica
Pink Powder Puff	Calliandra haematocephala
Dwarf Bottle Brush	Callistemon 'Little John'
Bush Anemone	Carpenteria californica
Feathery Cassia	Cassia artemisioides
California Lilac	Ceanothus 'Joyce Coulter'
Orchid Rockrose	Cistus purpureus
Tasman Flax Lily	Dianella tasmanica
Fortnight Lily	Dietes vegeta
Pride of Madeira	Echium fastuosum
Silverberry	Elaeagnus pungens
Wild Buckwheat	Eriogonum fasciculatum
Yellow Bush Daisy	Euryops pectinatus
Patty's Purple Hebe	Hebe buxifolia 'Patty's Purple'
Daylily	Hemerocallis sp.
Torch Lily	Kniphofia uvaria
Big Sage	Lantana camara
Trailing Lantana	Lantana montevidensis
French Lavender	Lavandula dentata
California Holly Grape 'Ken Hartman'	Mahonia pinnata 'Ken Hartman'
Pink Melaleuca	Melaleuca nesophila
Heavenly bamboo	Nandina domestica
Geranium	Pelargonium sp.



Shrubs (continued)

•	
Surfer New Zealand Flax	Phormium t. 'Surfer'
Clara Indian Hawthorn	Rhaphiolepis I. 'Clara'
Upright Rosemary	Rosmarinus officinalis
Coast Rosemary	Westringia fruiticosa
Mexican Sage	Salvia leucantha
Autumn Sage	Salvia gregii
Green Lavender Cotton	Santolina virens
Bird of Paradise	Strelizia reginae
Society Garlic	Tulbaghia violacea

Vines

Vines are a plant whose stem requires support and which climbs by tendrils or twining or creeps along the ground. Vines add versatility and height to the landscape. Climbing vines can be used to add background to a garden bed, shield an unsightly view, or supply fragrance. Use of invasive vines is not permitted.

Common Name	Latin Name

Lavender Trumpet Vine	Clytostoma callistegioides
Creeping Fig	Ficus repens
Carolina Jessamine	Gelsemium sempervirens
Purple Vine Lilac	Hardenbergia violacea
Pink Jasmine	Jaminum polyanthum
Star Jasmine	Trachelospermum jasminoides
Cat's Claw Vine	Macfadyena unguis-cati
Blood Red Trumpet Vine	Distictus buccinatoria
Trumpet Creeper	Campsis spp.



Grasses

Grasses can be used as groundcover, as edging along a pathway, as a privacy screen, and as part of mixed perennial and shrub borders. Some are low and clumping, some are arching, and others are more upright.

Common Name	Latin Name
Blue Sedge	Carex glauca
Blue Wheatgrass	Elymus magellanicus
Blue Fescue	Festuca glauca
Creeping Red Fescue	Festuca rubra
Blue Oat Grass	Helictotricon sempervirens
Big Blue Lilyturf	Liriope muscari
Maiden Grass	Miscanthus sinensis
Pink Muhly	Muhlenbergia capillaris
Purple Fountain Grass	Pennisetum s. 'Rubrum'
Fireworks Fountain Grass	Pennisetum 'Fireworks'

Ground Cover

Ground cover is low-growing, spreading plants that help to stop weeds from growing. Ground covers help to insulate the soil when the temperature gets very hot or cold. Unlike bark and pebble mulches, ground covers can also add color to the garden with attractive leaves or flowers.

Common Name	Latin Name
Carpet Bugle	Ajuga reptans
Carmul Sur Manzanita	Arctostaphylos e. 'Carmel Sur'
Bougainvillea	Bougainvillea spp.
Natal Plum	Carissa macrocarpa (prost.cvs.)
Bearberry	Cotoneaster dammeri
Ornamental Strawberry	Fragaria chiloensis
Creeping Mahonia	Mahonia repens
Prostrate Rosemary	Rosmarinus o. 'Prostratus'



Succulents

Succulents are drought resistant plants in which the leaves, stem or roots have become more than usually fleshy by the development of water-storing tissue. Succulents are used as an accent to planting beds and may make up no more than 5% of the total plan bed area.

Common Name	Latin Name
Giant Velvet Rose	Aeonium canariense
Foxtail Agave	Agave atenuata
Giant Chalk Dudleya	Dudleya brittonii
Mexican Snowball	Echeveria elegans
Paddle Plant	Kalanchoe thyrsiflora
Blue Finger	Senecio mandraliscae
Variegated Orange Stonecrop	Sedum Kamtschaticum 'Variegatum'
Hens and Chicks	Sempervivum tectorum
Datil Yucca	Yucca bacata